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and The aim is to examine the significance of the off-shellness effects with 2 to 4 processes involving the VLQ's and SM quarks is $|V_{L/R}^{4i}|$ with the kinematic rela-The partial widths in the different channels are given by: REFERENCES $\Gamma_{W,Z} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1, \frac{m_q^2}{M_{T'}^2}, \frac{m_{W,Z}^2}{M_{T'}^2} \right) \left| \left(1 - \frac{m_q^2}{M_{T'}^2} \right)^z + \frac{m_{W,Z}^2}{M_{T''}^2} \right|$ tions are given by: for a mass M of the VLQ's and mixing matrices between tion in the 2 to 4 processes for the VLQ production The following types of diagrams are the main contribu-**OFF-SHEL** varying values of the mass of the VLQ's. decay chain. The mass dependence is then analyzed for Madgraph5 with the diagrams containg VLQ's in the The on-shell and off-shell cross-sections are found with branching ratio's for each channel (not simultaneously). decays allowed are T' to Wb, Zt and Ht, with 100% like top T' as singlet decaying into SM particles. Vector Like Quarks (VLQ's). The model has a vector-**OBJECTIVES** $\Gamma(T' \to Wb, Zt, Ht) = \kappa_{W,Z,H}^2 |V_{L/R}^{4i}|^2 \frac{M^3 g^2}{64 \Pi m_W^2}$ $\Gamma_{H} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1, \frac{m_{q}^{2}}{M_{T'}^{2}}, \frac{m_{H}^{2}}{M_{T'}^{2}} \right) \left| 1 + \frac{m_{q}^{2}}{M_{T'}^{2}} \right|$ Figure 7: 2 to 4 Off-shell Production of VLQ's $\times \Gamma_{W,Z,H}(M_{T'}, m_{W,Z,H}, m_{b,t,t})$ $m_q^2 m_{W,Z}^2$ $M_{T'}^4$ The Only QCD couplings are involved. This means that re-CONCLUSION able examined is then defined as $\frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_X}{\sigma_X}$ which is plotted shell VLQ production of the 2 to 4 process. The observsulting 2 to 2 cross-section will be proportional to the made by XQCAT for high values of $\Gamma/M_{T'}$. VLQ allows us to test the validity of the approximation **ON-SHELL** with left as well as right handed charge currents. reason for studying the heavy top. coupling enabling a significant mixing with the third among many others. The top quark has a large Yukawa posite Higgs, extra dimensions and little Higgs models, being light. They are used in many theories, like comducing symmetry breaking with the Higgs as a pseudo-VLQ's are of interest because they are needed for inagainst $\frac{\Gamma_{W,Z,H}}{M_{T'}}$. The cross-section σ_X of the on-shell production of the We define the two cross-sections for channels family of quarks in the Standard Model (SM), this is the Goldstone boson, a possible explanation for the Higgs INTRODUCTION mass of the VLQ. Vector-like quarks transform as the SM quarks do but This is to be compared with the cross-section σ_P off $p \ p > T' \ T' \ QED=0$ particles propagation except the T' and gluon. p p > W+ b W- b, Z t Z t, H t H t / Excluding allThe on-shell σ_X : The off-shell process σ_P : Figure 8: On-shell 2 to 2 Production It is useful for seeing the dependence on the VLQ top mass to do a 3D of contour plot, $\Gamma/M_{T'}$ vs $M_{T'}$ with $\frac{\sigma_{TX}}{\sigma_X}$ as other observables with similar plots not mentioned here as well as the off-diagonal terms, ZtWb, Ztht, WbHt. channels as it involves a coupling which is proportional to $M_{T'}$. Further research is being done in these channels for the contours. As well as the 2D plot of $\frac{\sigma_P - \sigma_X}{\sigma_X}$ vs $\Gamma/M_{T'}$. RESULTS study should be available shortly. dependence for Wb, Zt having a more massive final state. The Ht channel however differs greatly from the previous It can be seen here that the Wb and Zt channels are stable for values of the width Γ . There is a very slight mass)/σ_X −0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.0 0.2 **Figure 2:** 2D plot: p p > W+ b W-b 800 Ï Ì Í L 400 Í 1000 - 1000 1100 Figure 1: 2D plot: p p > H t H t 1100 10-5 Figure 3: 2D plot: p p > Z t Z t10-5 - 900 - 800 600 500 - 500 1100 900 700 600 10-0 1200 1000 900 800 700 600 500 1200 400 I I I Ő, 10-4 1200 1300 1400 1600 1500 pp>htht~ pp>ztzt~ T/M FM FIN **FUTURE RESEARCH Figure 5:** 3D contour plot: p p > W+ b W- b Figure 4: 3D contour plot: p p > H t H t Figure 6: 3D contour plot: p p > Z t Z t

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when the width is large. The differences that do occur behaviour, the off-shell effect becoming considerable It was seen that the Wb and Zt processes had the same

so has a stronger mass dependence. For the Ht process it was found to have a very strong mass dependence, this

each channel. We will then do a similar study of off-shel trix. With varying fractions of the branching ratio to

Almost completed the off-diagonal elements of the ma-

. This

effects with additional heavy vector-like top partners.

which is not the case for the Wb and Zt processes. is due to the fact that the coupling structure has a mass,

are due to the fact that Zt has a more massive final state,

XQCAT: eXtra Quark Combined Analysis Tool. D. Barducci, A. Belyaev, M. Buchkremer, J. Mar-rouche, S. Moretti, L. Panizzi: arXiv:14093116 [hep-ph]